

UHD with AsiaSat

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AsiaSat Proprietary & Confidential

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- Hands-on Satellite Transmission
- Our Engagement with UHD
- How we see UHD?
- AsiaSat UHD Platform
- Next Step





Brief Introduction of AsiaSat

Our Background Our Satellite Fleet Our Facilities Our People

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

AsiaSat Corporate Video

ASIASAT



Our Background

Head-quartered in Hong Kong

Established in 1988

Listing in Hong Kong Stock Exchange

Regional Satellite Operator

• Asia's leading satellite operator, aiming to provide highest quality satellite communications services in the region

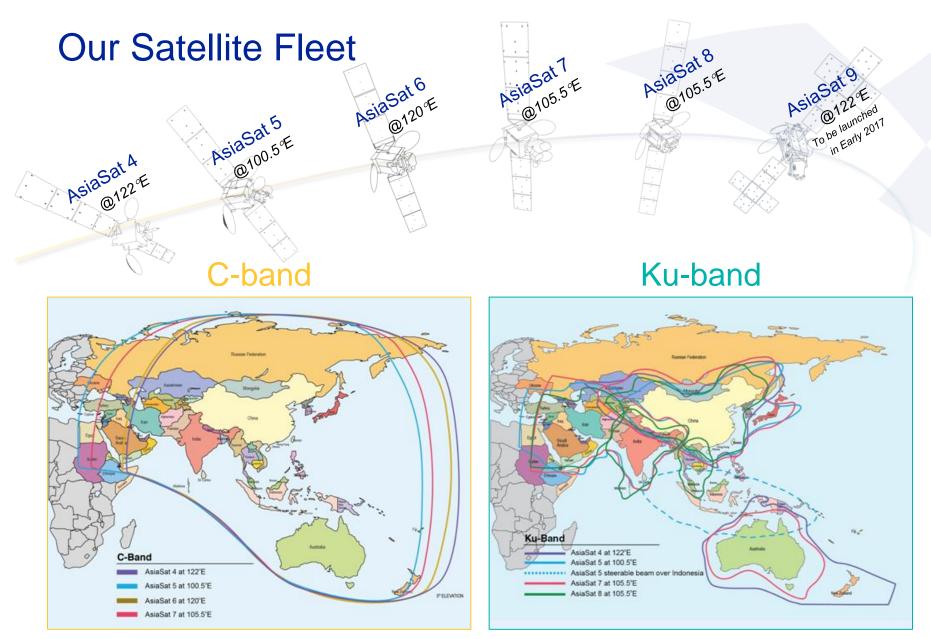
Coverage

- Across 50 countries in Asia-Pacific
- Reaching 2/3 of world's population

Customer Profile

- International and Regional TV Broadcasters
- Telecommunications Service Providers
- News Agencies
- Corporations and Governments





For more details of our satellite fleet, please visit our web site (http://www.asiasat.com/technology/satellite-fleet).

Our Earth Stations

Tai Po Earth Station







For more details of our facilities, please visit our web site (http://www.asiasat.com/aboutus/facilities).



Tai Po Earth Station

AsiaSat Tai Po Earth Station is located at the Tai Po Industrial Estate in the New Territories, Hong Kong.

The Station is a two level building of 5,551 sq.m. built on a 13,638 sq.m. site.

Besides supporting the Telemetry, Tracking and Control (TT&C) activities of AsiaSat's satellite fleet, the earth station also provides a broad range of value added services to customers in the broadcast and telecommunications industries.

Antennas

- 1x 1.3m (C)
- 2x 9.0m (C)
- 3x 7.3m (C)
- 2x 6.3m (C)
- 1x 6.1m (C)
- 4x 7.3m (Ku)
- 2x 6.3m (Ku)
- 1x 4.9m (Ku)
- 1x 4.8m (Ka)

International Fibre Service Providers

- British Telecom
- PCCW Global
- Tata Communications
- Telstra Global

Local Telecom Service

Providers

- HGC
 - HKBN
- New World T&T Wharf T&T
- PCCW
- Towngas Telecom

Services

- Uplink Service
- Downlink Service
- Occasional Service
- Conditional Access Service
- Compression Service
- Playout Service
- Monitoring Service
- Hosting Service
- Fibre / Internet Connectivity Service
- DVB-S2/S MCPC Platforms
- Broadway® Connectivity Service
- Disaster Recovery Facilities
- Satellite Transfer Orbit Service

Stanley Earth Station

AsiaSat Stanley Earth Station is located on Hong Kong's Stanley Peninsula and serve as the backup of satellite control facilities to the Tai Po Earth Station via connections of fully redundant leased circuits.

The station consists of six antennas with sufficient redundancies and flexibility.

- 2x 11.0m (C)
- 1x 9.0m (C)
- 1x 5.0m (C)
- 2x 6.1m (Ku)

The redundant facility is fully controlled by Tai Po and attuned with the Satellite Operations Centre (SOC), enabling backup TT&C services to ensure high reliability and integrity.

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Organisational Structure



Meet Our People

We have over 130 staff in our organisation.

We are all committed to support your success in satellite transmission as your success is our success.

Please visit to our web site (<u>http://www.asiasat.com/aboutus/meet-our-people</u>) for more about our staff interesting stories.



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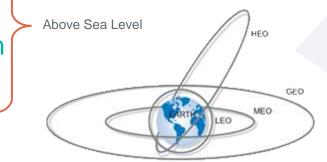


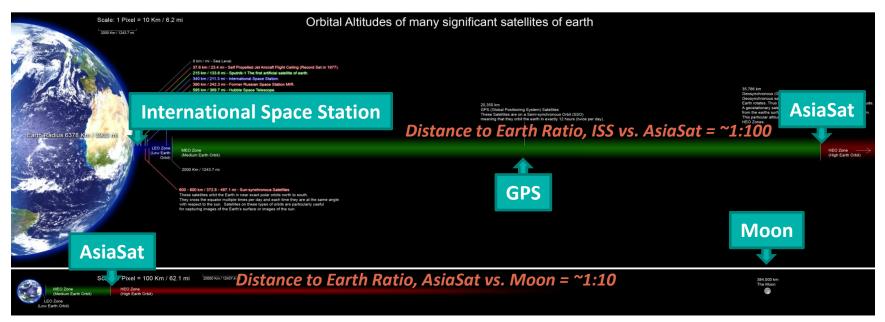
Hands-on Satellite Transmission

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

Where are the Satellites?

International Space Station (ISS):340km GPS Satellites: 20,350km AsiaSat (Geostationary Satellites): 35,786km Moon: ~384,000km





Source: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Orbitalaltitudes.jpg

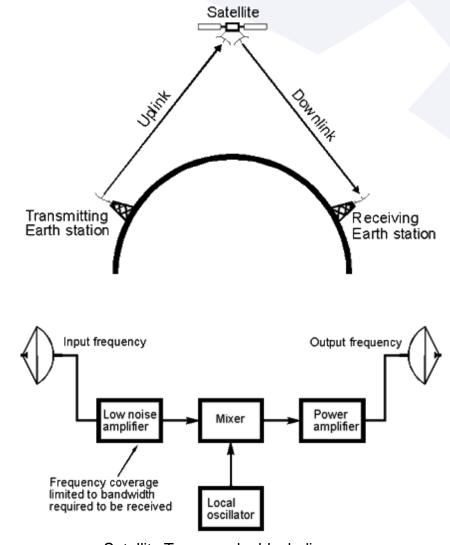
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How does Satellite Transmission work?

- 1. Tx Earth Station to sends SIGNAL (Uplink)
- 2. Satellite receive and retransmit the SIGNAL
- 3. Rx Earth Station to receive SIGNAL (Downlink)
- 4. Using different frequency bands for Uplink and Downlink

Frequency Bands

- L-band: 1 to 2 GHz
- S-band: 2 to 4 GHz
- C-band: 4 to 8 GHz
- X-band: 8 to 12 GHz
- Ku-band: 12 to 18 GHz
- K-band: 18 to 27 GHz
- Ka-band: 27 to 40 GHz



Satellite Transponder block diagram

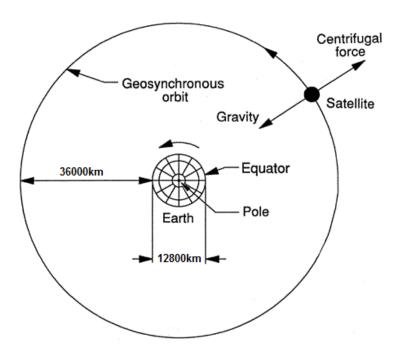


How does Satellite stay in orbit?

Satellite stays in orbit due to the balance of two factors

1. Its <u>Velocity</u> (or the speed at which it would travel in a straight line)

- The higher the orbit, the less velocity is required. The nearer the orbit, the faster it must move to ensure that it does not fall back to Earth.
- Geostationary Satellite is moving at 3.075 km/s (3 x max. speed of a rifle bullet).
- 2. The **Gravitational Pull** between the Earth and the Satellite itself.



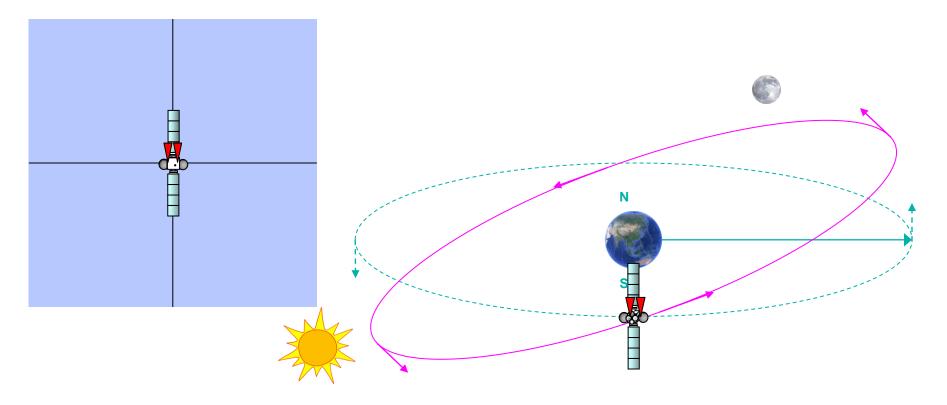


Does Satellite keep where they are Forever?

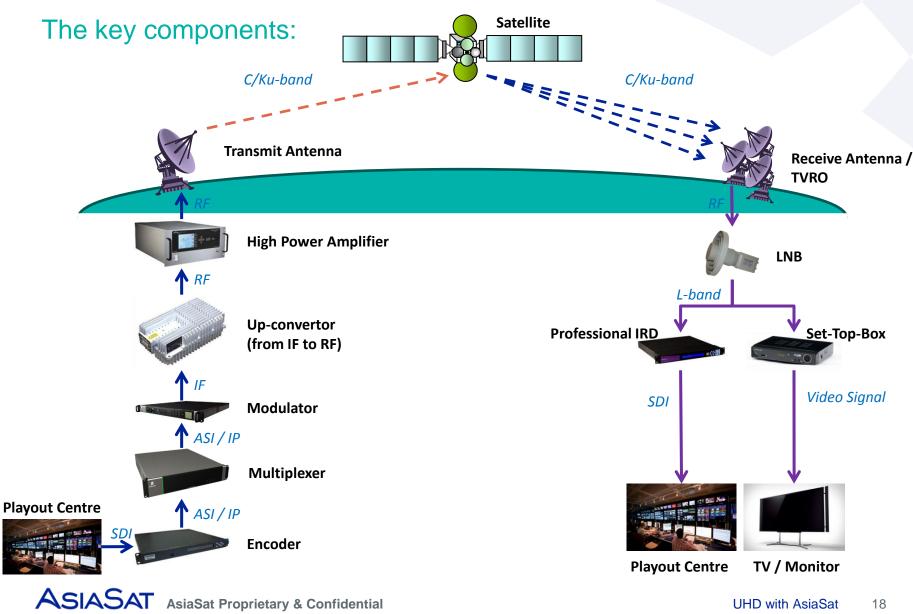
Forces act on satellite to change its orbit over time

- Gravitational Pull from Sun & Moon
- Slight Asymmetries in Earth's Gravitational Field
- Solar Radiation Pressure





How to Broadcast a TV Signal through Satellite?

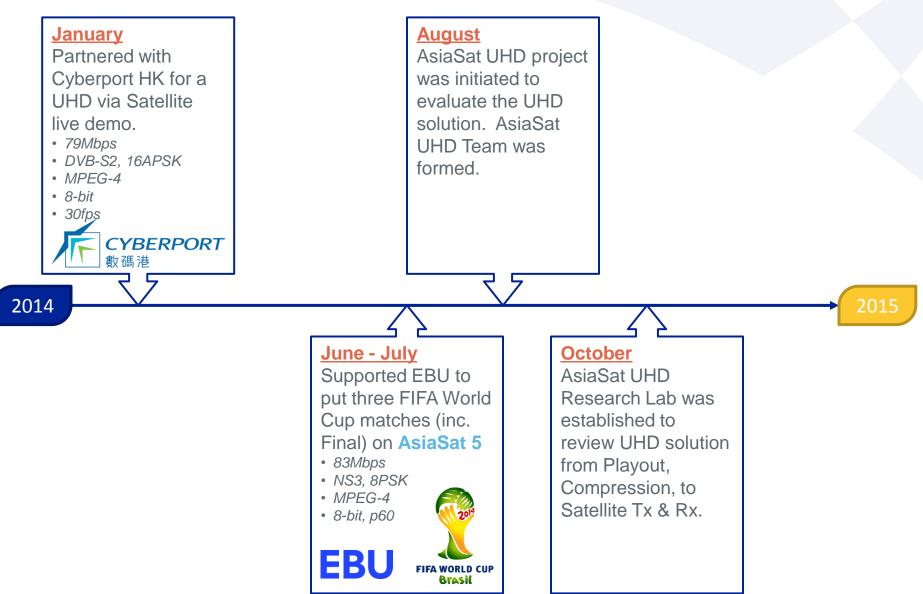




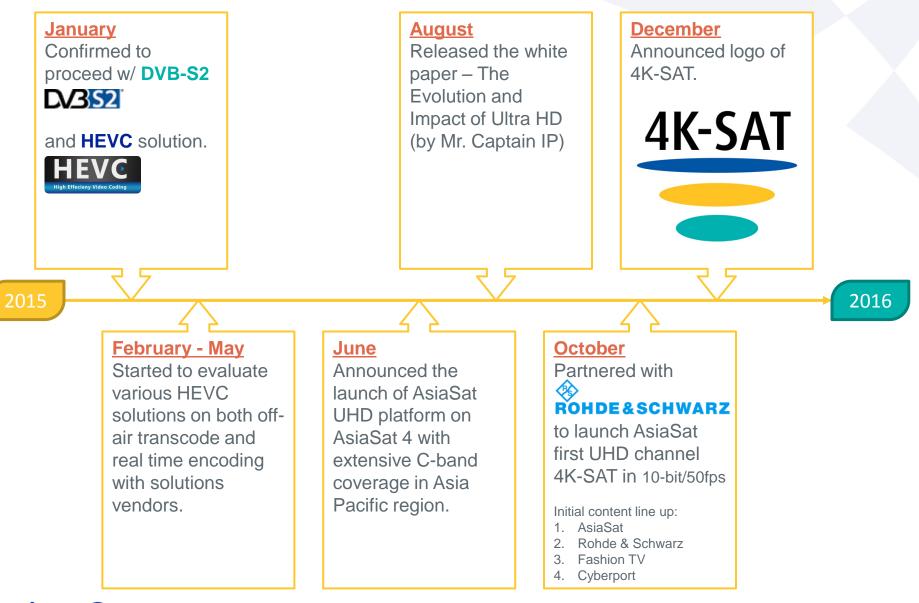
Our Engagement with UHD

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

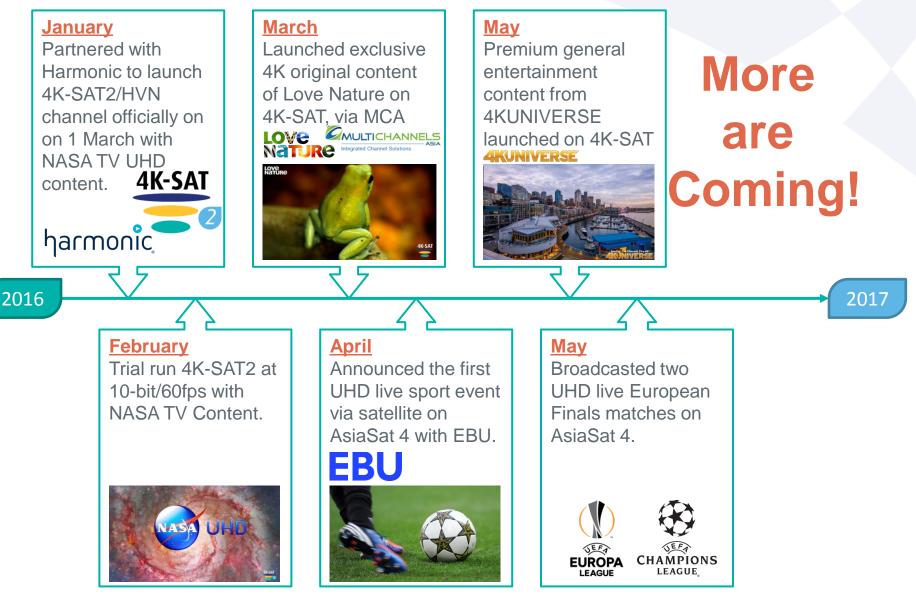
What have we done?



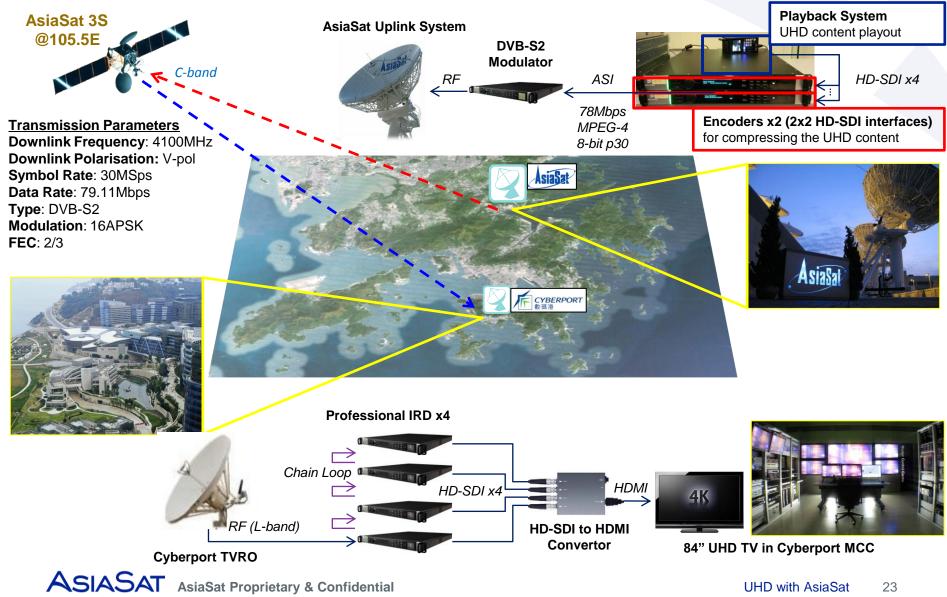
What have we done?



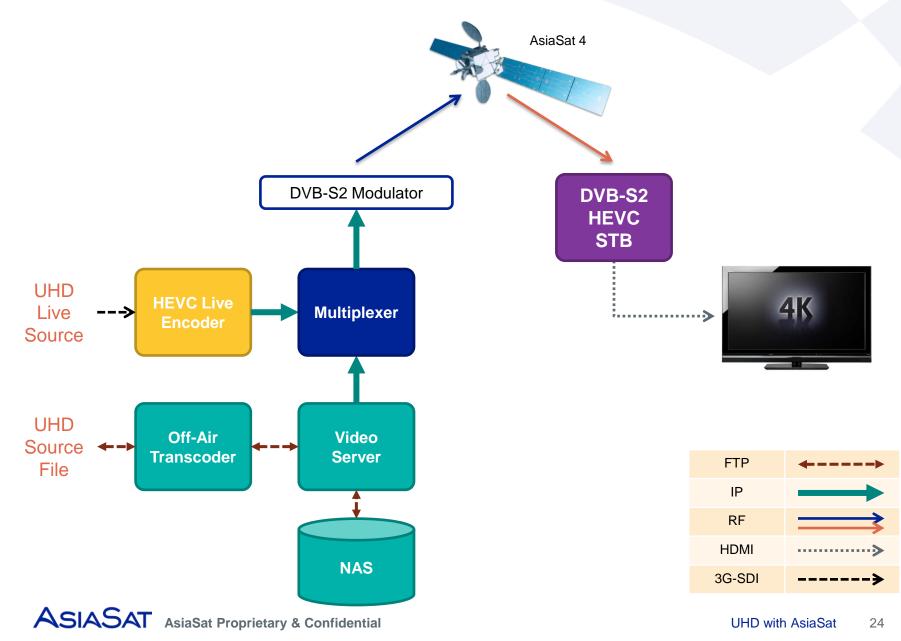
What have we done?



AsiaSat UHD Demo with Cyberport HK (23 Jan 2014)



HEVC Solution for UHD Broadcast





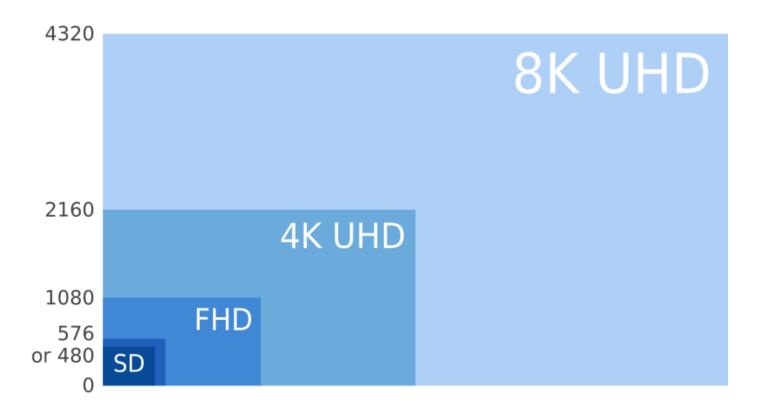
How we see UHD?

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures!

Higher Resolutions

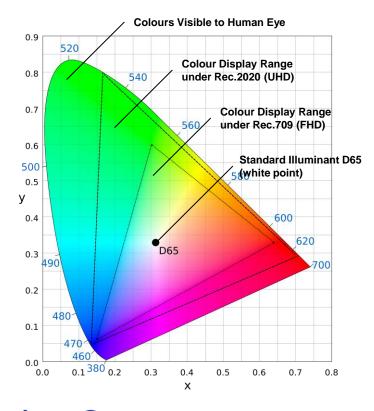
4K/UHD: 3840x2160 (= 4x Full HD screens) 8K/UHD: 7680x 4320 (= 4x 4K/UHD screens <u>or</u> 16x Full HD screens)

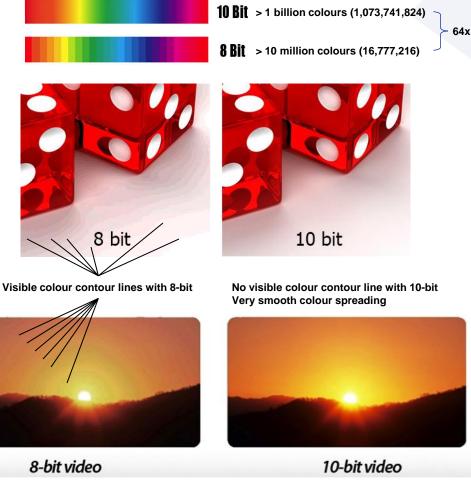


It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures!

Higher Resolutions Higher Colour Bit Depth

More colours can be seen in UHD video





It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures!

Higher Resolutions

Higher Colour Bit Depth

Higher Dynamic Range

Video with HDR, not just with still-picture only

Real Bright and Dark can be seen on the same screen





It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures!

Higher Resolutions

Higher Colour Bit Depth

Higher Dynamic Range

Higher Frame Rate

SD and HD videos are using 25fps or 30fps

UHD videos need to use 50fps or 60fps for smooth video on big screen

100fps and 120fps are the next standard of frame rate for even higher quality video





It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures!

Higher Resolutions

Higher Colour Bit Depth

Higher Dynamic Range

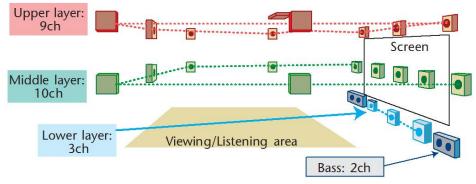
Higher Frame Rate

Significantly Enhanced Audio System

Quality enhanced from Channel-based 5.1 or 7.1 to Object-based 16.2 or 22.2.

Multidimensional sound experience – make you feel like you're truly inside the story, with sound coming from all directions, including overhead.

A sound object can be precisely specified where it should originate and it should move.



Speaker Arrangement for 22.2 Channel Audio System



It is a lot more than just pixels and pictures! Higher Resolutions Higher Colour Bit Depth Higher Dynamic Range Higher Frame Rate Significantly Enhanced Audio System

All the above are for **IMMERSIVE EXPERIENCE**



UHD Standards & Roadmap

Category	UHD-1 Phase 1	UHD-1 Phase 2	UHD-2
Deployment	2015	2018	2020
Resolution	3840x2160	3840x2160	7680x4320
Frame Rate	p50 / p60	p100 / p120	p100 / p120
Dynamic Range	HDR preferred	HDR mandatory	HDR mandatory
Colour Space	Rec.709	Rec.709 or Rec.2020	Rec.2020
Colour Sampling	4:2:0 / 4:2:2	4:2:0 / 4:2:2	4:2:0 / 4:2:2 / 4:4:4
Colour Bit Depth	10 bits	10 / 12 bits	10 / 12 / 14 bits
Video Encoding	HEVC Main 10	HEVC Main 10	HEVC Main 10
Audio Format	5.1	Beyond 5.1	Object Based
Audio Codec	Open	TBD	Next Generation Audio Code
Viewing Angle	66 degrees	66 degrees	100 degrees
Viewing Distance	1.5H	1.5H	0.75H
UHD-1 Ph	or icc CRICKET CUP 2015 Cio 2016	UHD-1 Phase 2	UHD-2 TOKY0 2020 2020

5

Requirements for Efficient UHD Satellite Transmission

Higher Satellite Throughput

Satellite Transmission Technology

DVB-S (1993) DVB-S2 (2003) DVB-S2X (2014)



To Utilize the Spectrum Efficiently

Improvement in roll-off

DVB-S

35%

QPSK

2

Roll-off=0.35

Roll-off=0.20

Roll-off=0.05

Roll-off

Modulation

No. of Bits per Hz

Expected Throughput

Improvement

New Enhanced Modulation & Coding Techniques

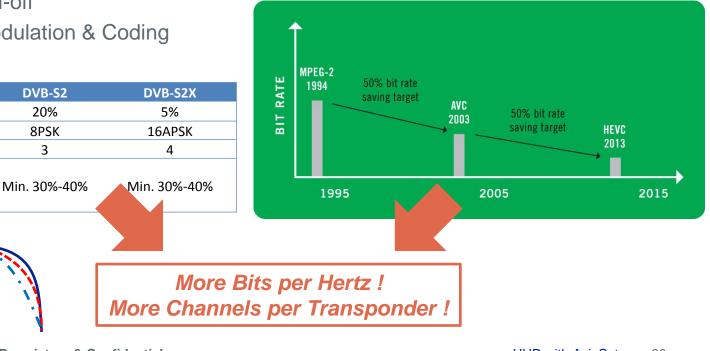
Advanced Compression Technology

Compression Technology H.262 / MPEG-2 (1994)

H.264 / MPEG-4 AVC (2003)

H.265 / HEVC (2013)

Save the Bit Rate of a channel



Number of Channels per Transponder

	Compres	ssion	SD (p25/p30)	HD (p25/p30)	UHD (p50/p60)
Estimated	H.262 / M	PEG-2	3 – 5	-	-
Bit Rate (Mbps) ¹	H.264 / MPEG-4 AVC		2 – 3	8 – 10	75 – 85
	H.265 / HEVC		-	4 – 5	15 – 25
Satellite Transmission ²	Carrier Data Rate	Target TVRO Size ³	SD (p25/p30)	HD (p25/p30)	UHD (p50/p60)
DVB-S QPSK FEC 3/4	38Mbps	2.4m+	7 – 12 channels in MPEG-2	4 – 5 channels in MPEG-4	-
DVB-S2 8PSK FEC 5/6	72Mbps	2.4m+	24+ channels in MPEG-4	7 – 9 channels in MPEG-4 14 – 18 channels in HEVC	2 – 5 channels in HEVC
DVB-S2 16APSK FEC 2/3	79Mbps	3m+	-	7 – 9 channels in MPEG-4 15 – 19 channels in HEVC	1 channel in MPEG-4 3 – 5 channels in HEVC
DVB-S2X 16APSK FEC 114/180	83Mbps	3m+	-	8 – 10 channels in MPEG-4 16 – 20 channels in HEVC	1 channel in MPEG-4 3 – 5 channels in HEVC
DVB-S2X 16APSK FEC 135/180	99Mbps	4m+	-	9 – 12 channels in MPEG-4 19 – 24 channels in HEVC	1 channel in MPEG-4 3 – 6 channels in HEVC

Assumptions:

- 1. Estimated Bit Rate range is for reference only.
- 2. Symbol Rate: 27.5MSps (DVB-S, 35% roll off); 30.0MSps (DVB-S2, 20% roll off); 34.285MSps (DVB-S2X, 5% roll off)
- 3. TVRO size at beam centre region in C-band.

UHD Challenges

UHD Standards => high throughput requirement!

- Much more details (High Resolution & High Colour Space)
- Much better viewing experience (High Frame Rate & High DR)

Cost of making the UHD content, expensive!

- Limited UHD studios available
- UHD recording equipment, most are up to 30fps only
- Editing at 50fps or 60fps takes a long time

Evolution of SDI

• UHD-SDI, Electrical or Optical Physical Layer?

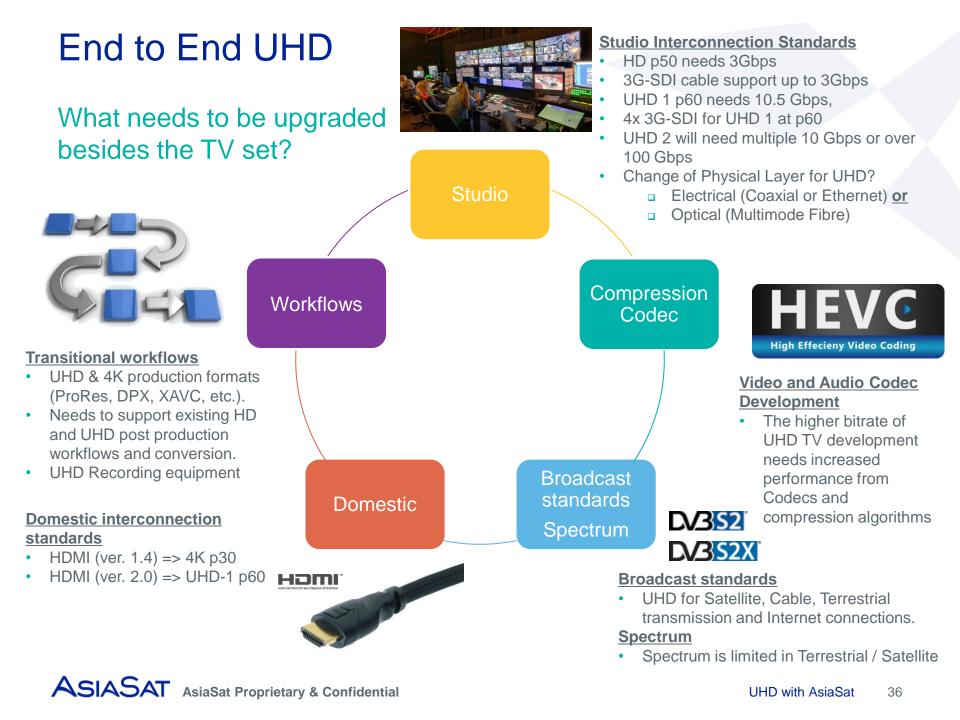
UHD storage file format is to be finalized with HEVC enable

- The industry has not yet fixed the UHD source file format
- Aim at reducing storage size
- Existing formats are all in MPEG-4 compression
- Apple ProRes 50mins UHD 60fps clip need 700GB storage! (14GB/min)

Spectrum/Bandwidth limited in Terrestrial / Satellite

Occupied by mobile applications

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AsiaSat UHD Platform

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

AsiaSat UHD Platform

Satellite

• AsiaSat 4 @122 E

Transponder

• A4-C13H

Downlink Frequency

• 4120MHz

Downlink Polarization

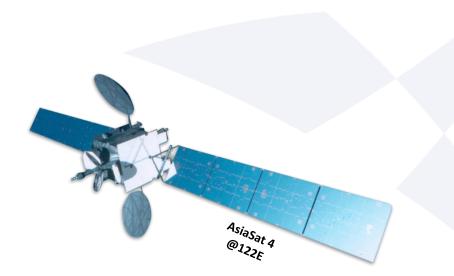
Horizontal

Carrier Parameters

- DVB-S2
- 8PSK, FEC 5/6
- 29.72MSps

Max. Throughput

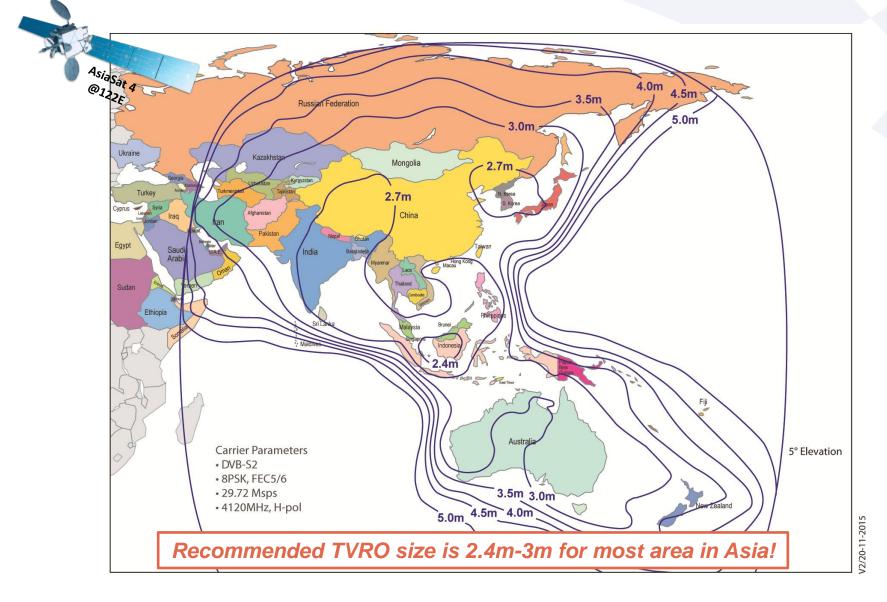
• 71.99Mbps







A4-C13H DVB-S2 MCPC Platform TVRO Map





Next Step

Reaching Further, Bringing You Closer

Next Step

AsiaSat is the advocate for UHD broadcasting.

For our UHD lab details, please visit <u>http://www.asiasat.com/technology/UHDlab</u>

Standardize the HDR solution

camera > studio > compression > TV set

Standardize the workflow of producing UHD content

• Physical infrastructure, file format/container, etc.

More high quality UHD content is required, especially live sports







Thank You

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